



Total Milk Free Test

LATERAL FLOW TEST KIT

for the detection of milk proteins in food, cip solutions and working surfaces

ProGnosis Biotech S.A. is ISO 9001:2015 certified by TÜV Hellas (TÜV NORD).

Use only the current version of Product Data Sheet enclosed with the kit.

Total Milk Free test, E2810/E2830, is a lateral flow test that detects milk proteins in food products, cip solutions and working surfaces. The lateral flow kit contains all reagents required for the immunoassay method.

Matrices:

Bakery products, beverages, bread mix, cake mix, chocolate, cooked biscuit, dressings, ice cream, sauces, sausage, sorbets, soup mix

- Sample preparation: extraction/swab sampling
- Test time (incubation time after samples and reagents preparation): 5 min
- Shelf life: 12 months
- Storage: 4-30°C



Method characteristics

- The LOD of the method is 2.0 ppm (2.0mg/kg) milk protein or 62.5 ppm milk or 6.25 ppm milk powder in food samples and CIP solutions.
- Limit of detection (LOD): 0.31µg/100cm² on working surfaces. LOD was calculated based on our reference materials.
- The antibodies specifically detect caseins as well as β-lactoglobulin of cow's, sheep's, goat's and buffalo's milk.

1. Description

Total Milk Free test is a Lateral Flow test for the detection of milk proteins in food products, specially for those labeled as milk-free, CIP solutions and working surfaces.

2. General Information

Cow's milk contains 3.2 % proteins which consist of 10 % β-lactoglobulin (most abundant protein of whey) and 80 % caseins. Consumption of milk might be harmful for people who are allergic to milk. The most common protein that may cause an immune reaction to children is β-lactoglobulin whereas adults usually may have an allergic reaction due to caseins. The allergen can be present as an ingredient or as a contamination in raw and cooked products. Consumption of milk-containing food from allergic people might cause a broad range of symptoms, such as hives, itching, mild oral allergy or/and anaphylactic shock. According to the regulation (EU) No. 1169/2011 Annex II, milk is included in the list of allergens established by the European Food Safety Authority, and its presence must be indicated on the label. Similar regulations exist e.g. in the USA, Canada, Australia and New Zealand.

3. Principle of the method

The presence of milk in a sample is determined by the immunological detection of milk proteins. Antibodies specific to milk proteins are coated on the test line region (Test line) of the nitrocellulose membrane. During testing, antigens in the specimen react with the antibodies that are coated onto gold nanoparticles. The mixture migrates up the membrane to react with the antibodies immobilized on the membrane and generate a colored line in the test region T. The presence of the colored Test line indicates a positive result. In case of samples with a very high allergen concentration, the Test line fades or may not appear, giving us reduced or false negative result (hook effect phenomenon). For this purpose, a second line has been created (Hook line), whose intensity decreases as the amount of antigen increases and at very high concentrations it disappears either together with the Test line or before it. To serve as a procedural control, a colored line will always appear in the control region (Control line) if the test has been performed properly.

4. Reagents Provided

Reagents (Store at 4-30°C)	E2810	E2830
Reaction device	10pcs	30pcs
Prefilled sample tube with screw cap	10pcs	30pcs
Disposable pipettes	10pcs	30pcs
Prefilled Extraction tube with dropper tip	10pcs	30pcs
Empty Extraction tube with dropper tip	10pcs	30pcs
Matrix diluent with blue dropper tip	1	1
Sterile swab	10pcs	30pcs
Instruction manual	1	1

5. Materials required but not provided

- A grinder sufficient to render sample to particle size of fine instant coffee
- Balance with 0 - 50 g measuring capability
- Microcentrifuge and centrifugal vials
- Vortex mixer and/or Shaker

6. Storage Instructions

Store kit reagents between 4 and 30°C (39.2 - 86°F). Do not freeze any components provided. Expiry of the kit and reagents is stated on the labels respectively and no quality guarantee is accepted after the expiration date. The expiry of the kit components can only be guaranteed if the components are stored properly as well as if the reagent is not contaminated by the first handling, in case of repeated use of one component. Do not interchange individual reagents between kits of different lot numbers.

7. Safety and Precautions for use

- Use gloves and disinfect the workbench before starting.
- All reagents should be warmed in room temperature before use and covered when not in use. Use a clean disposable pipette for each sample, in order to avoid cross-contamination.
- Clean surfaces, glass vials, mincers and other equipment before and after each sample preparation.
- Do not mix and interchange different samples.
- Do not interchange individual reagents between kits of different lot numbers
- Do not re-use any of the kit components as they are single-use only
- Do not eat or drink in the area where the samples and the kit are stored and handled.

8. Samples Preparation

8.1 Solid Samples

- The sample must be collected according to established sampling techniques. Grind a representative sample (at least 5 g) to the particle size of fine instant coffee (50% passes through a 20 mesh screen).
- Weigh out a 0.5 g ground portion of the sample, add it into the prefilled sample tube and vortex it for 1min. Alternatively, shake vigorously by hand. **The ratio of sample to extraction solvent is 1:10 (w/v).**
- Two (2) ml of the extract should be centrifuged at high speed for 2 min in reaction caps by using a microcentrifuge. Alternatively, let the sample settle down.
- Using a disposable pipette, transfer 3 drops from the supernatant to the empty extraction tube with the dropper tip.
- Dilute the sample **1:1** by adding 3 drops of the Matrix diluent (blue dropper tip) to the extraction tube with your supernatant.
- Close the extraction tube and shake well for a few seconds. Add 3 drops in the circular window of the reaction device and allow the test to develop for 5 minutes.

NOTE 1: The extracted sample should have a pH value of 6.2 - 7.5. If the pH is less than 6.2 or more than 7.5, the pH should be neutralized using NaOH or HCl.

NOTE 2: In case of cloudy, thick samples, that do not allow the mixture to develop, an extra dilution 1:1 with the Extraction Buffer is required before transferring 3 drops from the supernatant.

8.2 Liquid Samples and CIP Solutions

- Use 0.5 mL of the sample, add it into the prefilled sample tube and vortex it for 1 min. Follow the rest of the procedure as in step **8.1**.

NOTE: You can skip using the microcentrifuge, unless your sample is a viscous liquid.

8.3 Surfaces and swab sampling

- Mark out a swabbing area of approximately 10 x 10 cm.
- Moisten a swab by dipping into the prefilled extraction tube.
- Gather the sample with the swab by using a crosshatch technique (**Figure 1.**). Move the swab horizontally, vertically, diagonally while rotating the tip. Repeat this starting from a different angle each time.
- After the sample collection, place the swab in the extraction tube, rotate the swab forcefully against the side of the tube for 1min. Best results are obtained when the sample is vigorously extracted in the solution. Remove the swab, squeezing the sides of the tube to extract as much liquid as possible. Shake vigorously for 1min on a vortex.
- Close the extraction tube. Add 3 drops into an empty extraction tube with the dropper tip. Dilute the sample **1:1** by adding 3 drops of the Matrix diluent (blue dropper tip).
- Close the extraction tube and shake well for a few seconds. Add 3 drops in the circular window of the reaction device and allow the test to develop for 5 minutes.

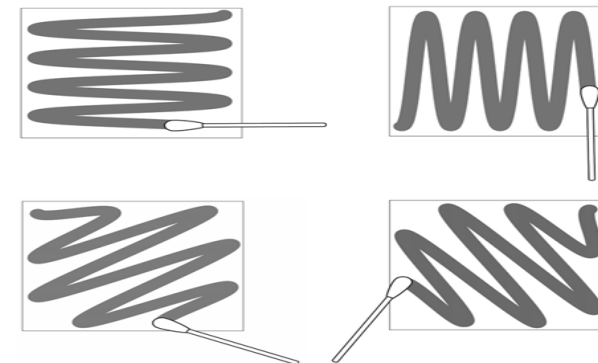


Figure 1.

9. Interpretation of results

Note:* For internal procedure purposes three colored lines are present on the result window of the Total Milk Free Test. The colored lines have no effect on the product's performance since they are washed away during the experiment.

After 5 minutes, the test device can be visually read and interpreted according to the following figure. Observation after 10 minutes lead to inaccurate conclusions.

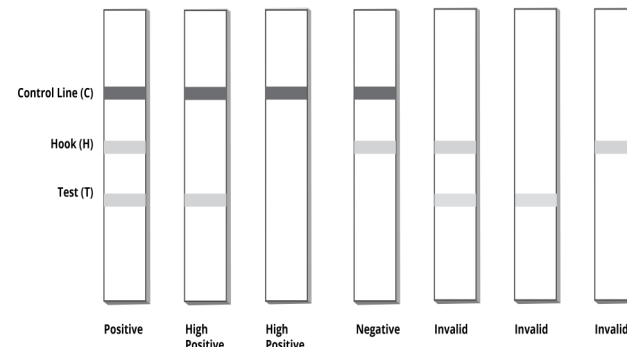
Negative Result: Two visible colored bands appear at both Hook line (H) and Control (C) line. It indicates that the concentration of milk proteins is zero or below the detection limit of the test.

Positive Result: Three visible colored bands appear at Hook line (H), Control line (C) and Test line (T). Any intensity of Test line indicates the presence of milk proteins into the sample.

High Positive Result: No colored band is visible at Hook line (H) and the band at Test line (T) may be faint or absent. It indicates that the sample contains milk proteins to very high concentrations.*

Invalid Results: No colored band appears at Control line no matter whether it appears at Test line, a Hook line or not.

*In this case you can confirm the high content of your sample by diluting it. Transfer one drop from the supernatant in a new sample tube with screw cap and shake vigorously. Then add matrix diluent with the ratio 1:1. You are expected to get an image as **Positive Result** or **High Positive Result** with the presence of Test line.



Visual result interpretation index

10. Performance Evaluation

10.1 Reference Materials

Several reference materials are being used for the evaluation of each product of ProGnosis Biotech S.A. in the context of Quality Control performed by the Quality Control Department. Please request a validation report, including the results, at info@prognosis-biotech.com.

11. Assay Claims

- Samples showing negative results may contain milk proteins below the limit of detection of the assay. This Lateral Flow kit does not claim that food is safe for consumption based upon a determination of milk content. Matrix effects may also affect the result of the method.
- The recovery/cross reactivity of the method might be affected when analyzing processed food (e.g. heat treatment, dehydration, etc.), because proteins may be altered or fragmented.
- Food samples that have been heat treated may contain denatured proteins which may not be captured by the antibody. Recovery of these matrices might be reduced.
- The protein content and the protein composition may differ among various species of the same matrix. Therefore, different varieties may produce different results.
- LOD in CIP solutions refers to the final rinse water. The presence of cleaning agents and detergents may affect the result of the method.

12. Method Summary

Total procedure time (after samples and reagents preparation): 5 min.

12.1 Food samples and CIP solutions

Add 0.5gr or 0.5mL of the sample into the Prefilled Sample Tube



Vortex for 1min or shake by hand



Centrifuge the sample for 2 min, at high speed in a microcentrifuge. Alternatively, let the sample settle down



Transfer 3 drops from the supernatant to an empty extraction tube with dropper tip



Add 3 drops of the Matrix Diluent. Shake well and add 3 drops in the circular window of the reaction device



Allow test to develop for 5 minutes



Read the results visually

12.2 Working surfaces

Mark out a swabbing area of approximately 10 x 10 cm



Moisten a swab by dipping into the extraction tube



Gather the sample with the swab by using a crosshatch technique



Place the swab in the prefilled tube to extract the sample



Close the extraction tube with the dropper tip. Add 3 drops into an empty extraction tube with the dropper tip



Dilute the sample 1:1 by adding 3 drops of the Matrix diluent and shake well



Add 3 drops in the circular window of the reaction device. Allow test to develop for 5 minutes. Read the results visually

All immune assays supplied by ProGnosis Biotech S.A., are warranted to meet or exceed our published specification when used under normal conditions in your laboratory. If the product fails during the stated period, a replacement product will be issued.

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